

ISO 37000

GOVERNANCE OF ORGANIZATIONS

-Notes accompanying [Ryerson University CSR Institute](#)
“in conversation” session (December 15, 2021)



Dr Victoria Hurth

Co-Convenor TC309/WG1

THE INTERNATIONAL
STANDARD ON GOVERNANCE
OF ORGANIZATIONS



INTRODUCTION

1. The evolving organizational governance landscape
2. Introducing ISO 37000
3. ISO 37000 principles overview
4. Key take-aways

The evolving organizational governance landscape





Why Governance?

”sustainable development cannot be realized without...good governance at all levels and transparent, effective and accountable organizations”

(UN Agenda 2030)

General Governance Trends

STAKEHOLDERS

2019 US Business Roundtable:
“We share a fundamental commitment
to all our stakeholders”

2020 World Economic Forum
Manifesto: The purpose of a
company is to engage all its
stakeholders in shared and sustained
value creation



ESG

Target setting and reporting on
material impacts of an organization
on ‘Environmental, Social and
Governance’ matters - is
increasingly expected by investors
and all stakeholders worldwide



PURPOSE

WEF 2021 “The definition of
· governance is evolving as
organizations are increasingly
expected to define and embed their
purpose at the centre of their
business.”



The Shifting Governance Reporting Landscape

GSSB, ISSB

The **Global Sustainability Standards Board (by GRI)** has been set up as the de-facto global sustainability reporting forum

The **newly launched International Sustainability Standards Board (ISSB)** sits under the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) attempts to bring sustainability reporting within the formal financial reporting landscape

TCFD and TFND

The **2017 Task Force on Climate-Related Financial Disclosures (TCFD)** issues recommendations on climate-related financial disclosure and guides companies in allocating assets environmental-friendly. This is being closely followed by the **Task Force on Nature-Related Financial Disclosures (TFND)**.

ESRS and CSRD

The **EU's Sustainability Reporting Standards (ESRS)** will be written by **European Financial Reporting Advisory Group (EFRAG)** will develop the standards and enacted through the **European Union Corporate Sustainability Reporting Directive (CSRD)**. This advances the **NFRD** and mandates large companies to disclose sustainability information that impacts both itself and others, including diversity, human rights, anti-corruption and bribery.



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How to make sense of all of this?

Governance Foundations

All organizations are created to help people come together to achieve a shared goal

Governance provides the direction, accountability and oversight of organizations so that they are clear about that goal and achieve it in the way intended

Governance until now has worked to optimizing financial benefit to the organization (including members) – self-interest is institutionalized

Unsustainability

The end goals of long-term societal wellbeing and the means to achieve it (healthy social and environmental systems) have been ungoverned.

Corruption and other self-interested behavior of firms and their governing bodies is rife and trust is low increasing the costs of capital allocation (financial and otherwise) and reduces innovation and efficiency

The New Governance Norm

Views about organizations and their governance are changing fast to:

- existing for a purpose aligned with society's long-term wellbeing (ends)
- whilst protecting the social and environmental systems that underpin this wellbeing (means)
- make decisions in a innovative, prudent and ethical manner (mode)

Southern Africa has been leading the way with the King Code. ISO 37000 extends and globalises this new norm.



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Introducing ISO 37000

The New Benchmark
for Organizational
Governance





ISO 37000 – The New Benchmark for Organizational Governance

ISO 37000 key stats

Scoping: 2016-2017

Development: 2017-2021

Countries involved: 77 countries

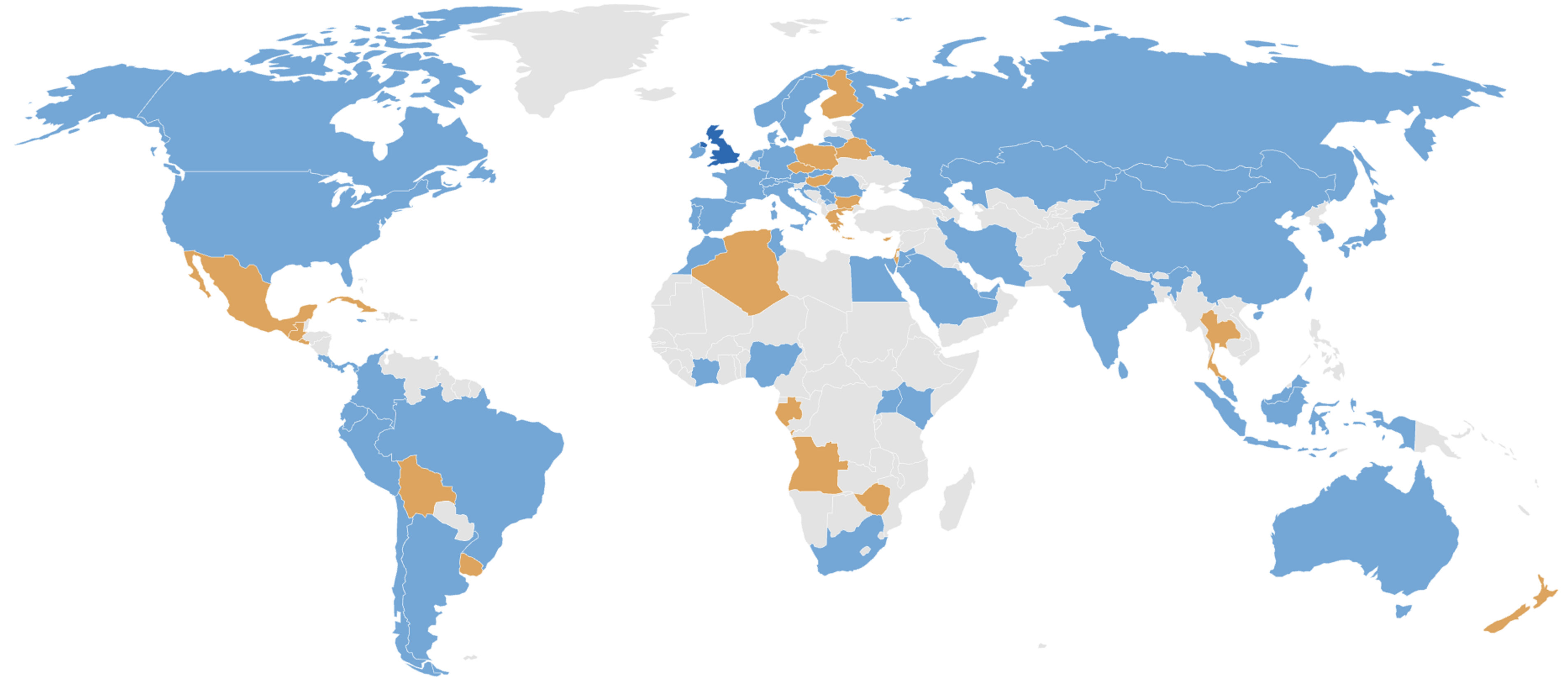
Liaisons involved: 24 liaisons were involved in its development
Comments: 1,500 unique comments resolved by WG1

Approval: The final ballot attracted 100% approval and all 164 ISO member countries had the opportunity to vote

Publication: The standard was published on 14 September 2021.

 **PARTICIPATING MEMBERS (55)**

 **OBSERVING MEMBERS (23)**



Benefits of ISO 37000 at a glance

IT IS THE FIRST GLOBAL STANDARD ON GOVERNANCE OF ORGANIZATIONS.

Published on 14.09.2021, ISO 37000 is the **pioneer guideline** on the topic for all organizations.

IT IS THE BENCHMARK on how to put purpose at the center of governance so as to direct organizations ethically, responsibly, and effectively.

IT IS FUNDAMENTAL for Values, Ethics, Accountability, the Internal Control System, Assurance and Risk Governance.

IT REDUCES COMPLEXITY & COSTS enables transparency and comparability across organizations and reduces complexity and costs, by providing a universal understanding of governance.

**The instrument:
ISO 37000**

IT IS INTERNATIONAL and was developed by 77 countries and 24 international organizations. It is the most authoritative global document on good governance of all organizations.



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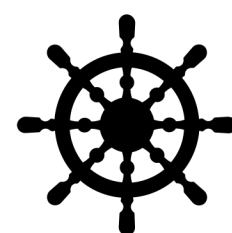


Integrated governance

The standard provides terminological clarity, consistency, and requisite differentiation across an **integrated organizational governance framework**. This strengthens **culture**, **resilience**, and **value generation** and facilitates the achievement of **purpose** and **sustainable development**.



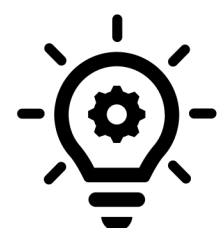
PURPOSE,
STAKEHOLDERS,
SUSTAINABILITY



STRATEGY



GOVERNING BODY,
DELEGATION OF POWER,
ACCOUNTABILITY



VALUES, ETHICS,
PROCESSES,
PERFORMANCE
MEASUREMENT



INTEGRATION OF
THE HEALTH OF
SOCIAL AND
NATURAL
ENVIRONMENTAL
SYSTEMS



CONTROL SYSTEM,
ASSURANCE, RISK
GOVERNANCE

Governance Architecture

SCOPE OF ISO TC309

GOVERNANCE

ISO 37000 – Governance of organizations

MANAGEMENT

ISO 37301 –
Compliance management systems

ISO 37001 –
Anti-bribery management systems

ISO 37302 –
Whistleblowing management
systems

EXAMPLE RELATED STANDARDS BEYOND ISO TC309

ISO IEC 38500 – Information
technology — Governance of
IT for the organization
Etc.

ISO 31000 –
Risk
management

ISO 27000 – IT
Security
management
systems

ISO 31010 –
Risk assessment
Techniques

ISO 26000 –
Corporate Social
Responsibility
Etc.

What people are saying

“

Effective governance enables organizations to deliver on its purpose, values and strategy. ISO 37000 **provides vital guidance** to achieve this and when used in conjunction with the principles of integrated reporting, can **drive accountability and improved decision-making** that supports efficient and productive business.

Charles Tilley, Senior Advisor, Value Reporting Foundation

“

Beginning with corporate purpose as its guiding principle, the ISO 37000 guidance **provides a rigorous and systematic framework on the governance of organizations**. It is thoughtful and carefully crafted--and is **relevant globally across a wide range of jurisdictions and different organizational models**. The 37000 guidance serves as a valuable frame of reference for companies, boards, investors, policymakers, regulators and other governance professionals.

George Dallas, International Corporate Governance Network (ICGN)

“provides vital guidance”

“rigorous and systematic framework on governance”

“drive accountability and improved decision-making”

“relevant globally across a wide range of jurisdictions and different organizational models”



ISO 37000 Principles Overview





ISO 37000 Highlights

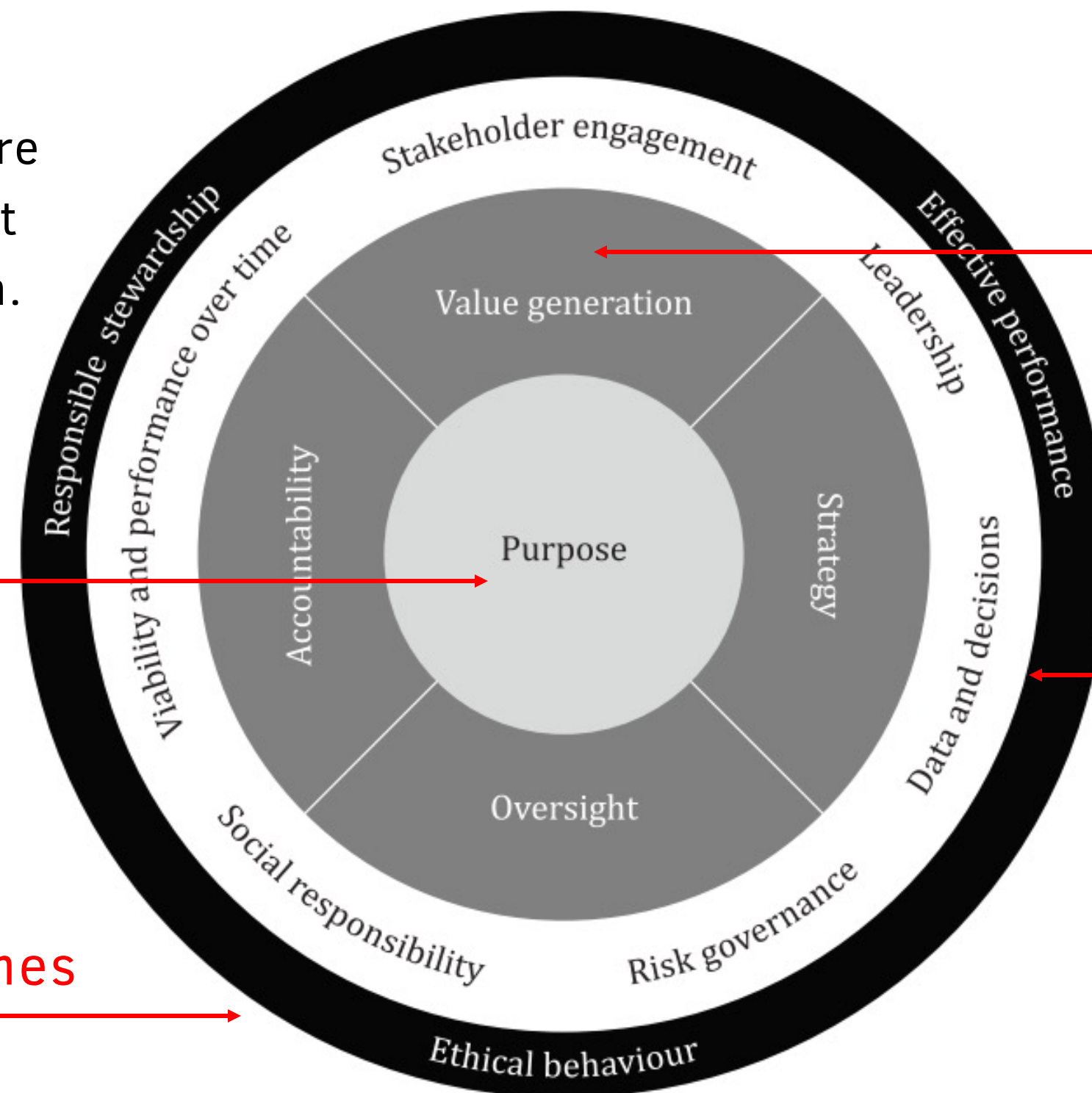
- Governance of organizations
Overview
- The Primary and the
Foundational principles
- The Enabling principles

Governance of organizations **Overview**

The ISO 37000 standard distills governance into 11 core principles that are at the heart of any successful organization.

1 Primary governance principle

Key **governance outcomes**



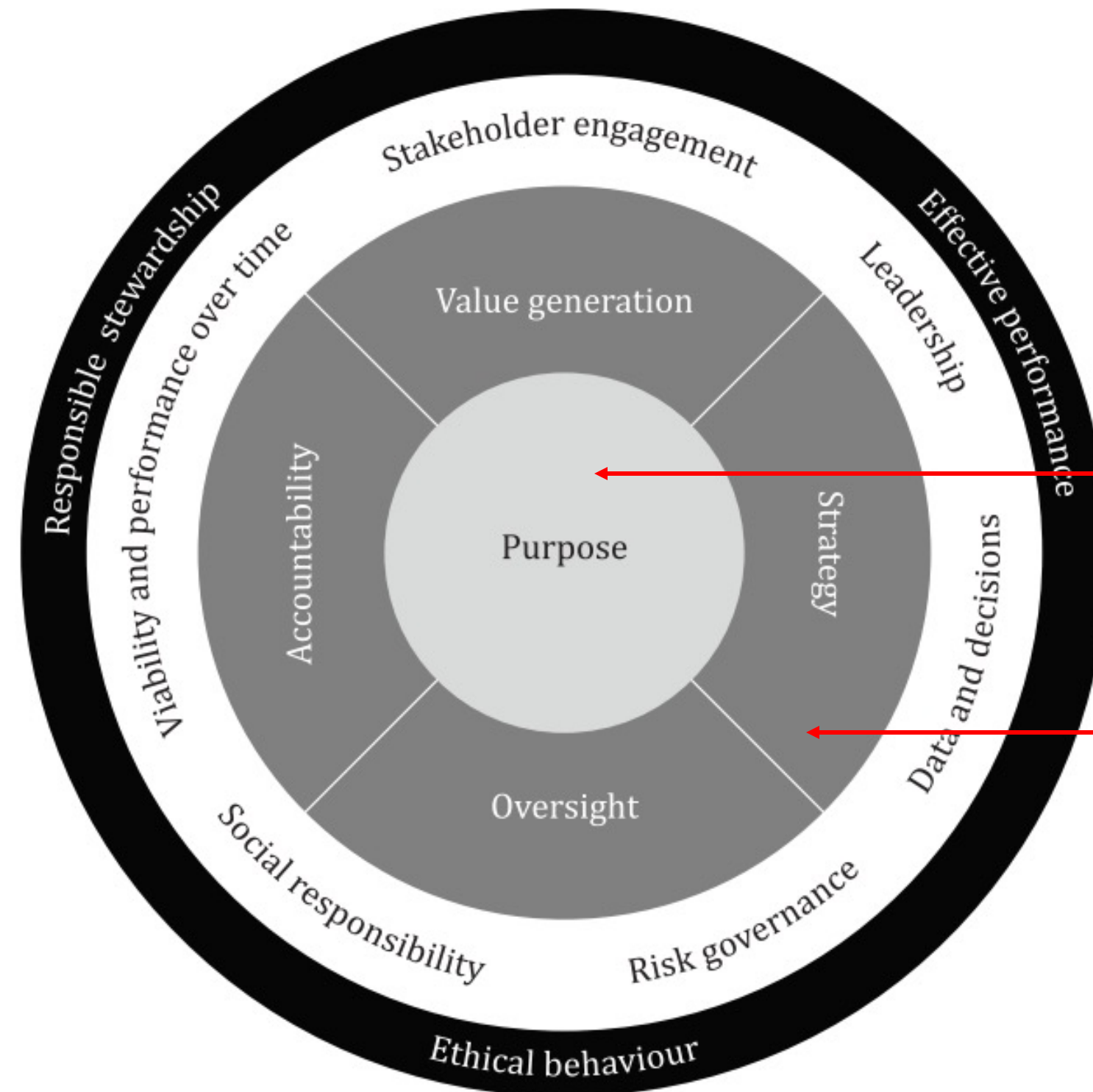
4 Foundational governance principles

6 Enabling governance principles



The **Primary** and the **Foundational** principles

1. Purpose
2. Value Generation
3. Strategy
4. Accountability
5. Oversight



1 Primary governance principle

4 Foundational governance principles



1. Purpose

ISO 37000 clarifies that **the governing body** is responsible for **defining and elaborating a meaningful, relevant organizational purpose** as the reason the organization exists and gives **detailed guidance on relevant practice**.

It also makes clear that the governing body should define the organizational values as the compass to guide how the purpose is achieved.

The Primary Principle



Organizational purpose statement defines, specifies, and communicates the **ultimate value** the organization intends to generate for specified stakeholders.



A value generation model
provides basis for innovation and collaboration
with stakeholders.

2. Value Generation

Organizations don't generate long-term value that achieves the organization's purpose or avoids harm by chance.

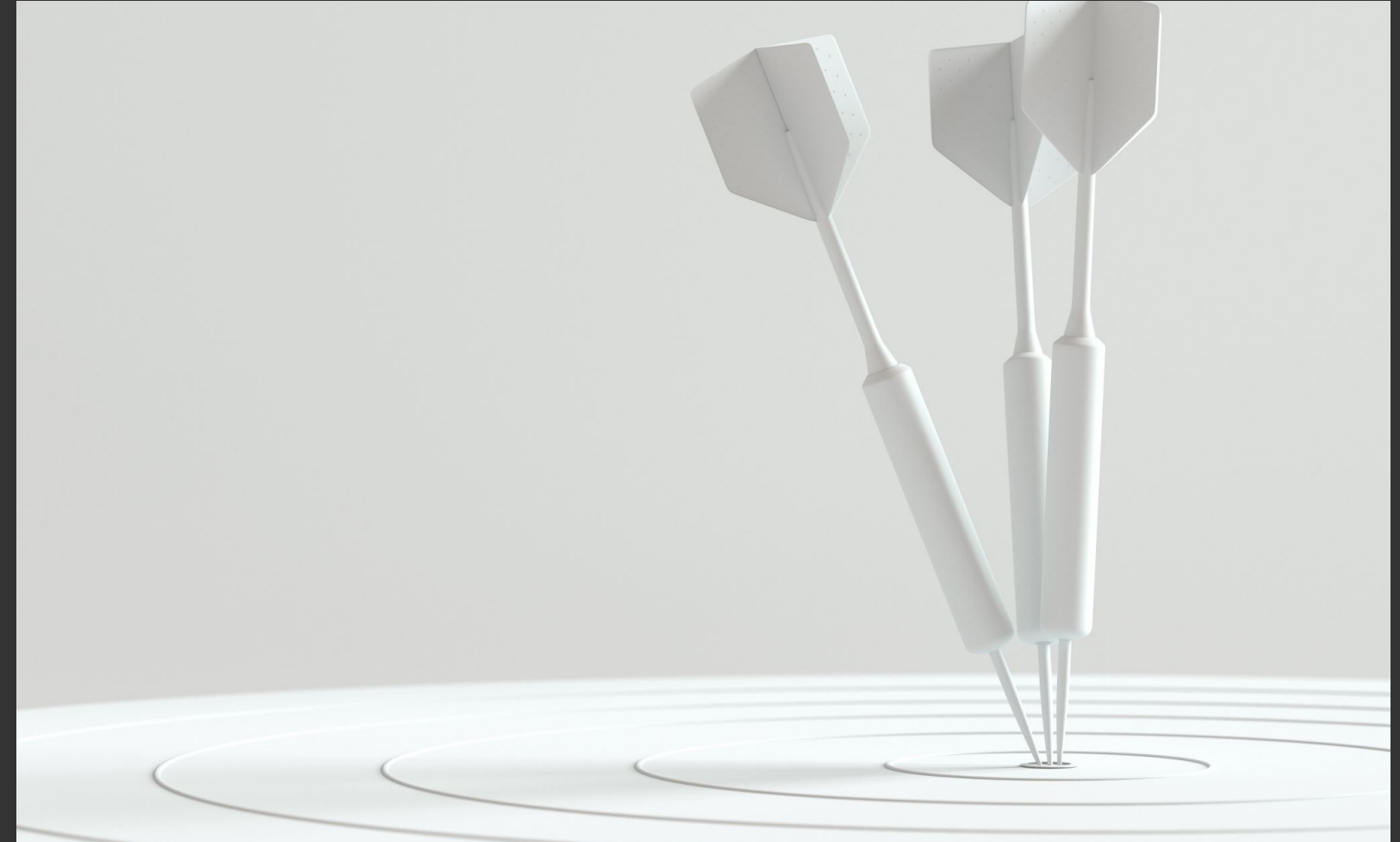
ISO 37000 establishes the responsibility of the governing body role to **clarify the value generation objectives and to govern** so that these objectives are met. This requires the governing body to **define a clear and transparent value generation** model that defines, creates, delivers and sustains appropriate value.

3. Strategy

The governing body **should direct and engage with the organizational strategy**, in **accordance with the value generation model**, to fulfil the organizational purpose.

The governing body sets the strategic outcomes, establishes governance policies to guide the strategy development, engages in strategic planning and dynamically steers the strategy through personal, direct involvement in the implementation of all governance principles.

A Foundational Principle



The organizational strategy reflects the governing body's intentions regarding the organization's achievement of the strategic outcomes within its changing context.



Accountability engenders trust and legitimacy, which leads to improved outcomes. It is demonstrated through reports, disclosures, effective stakeholder engagement, and applying improvements.

4. Accountability

ISO 37000 clarifies that the governing body is not “above the law” and neither are those to whom the governing body has delegated. The standard articulates that **the governing body is responsible for and accountable to the organization.** Accountability at all levels is a key aspect of governance.

5. Oversight

ISO 37000 outlines the governing body's role and responsibility to oversee and ensure the right organizational controls.

For the first-time ever clarity is given at a global level on **the internal control system and the assurance processes**.

A Foundational Principle

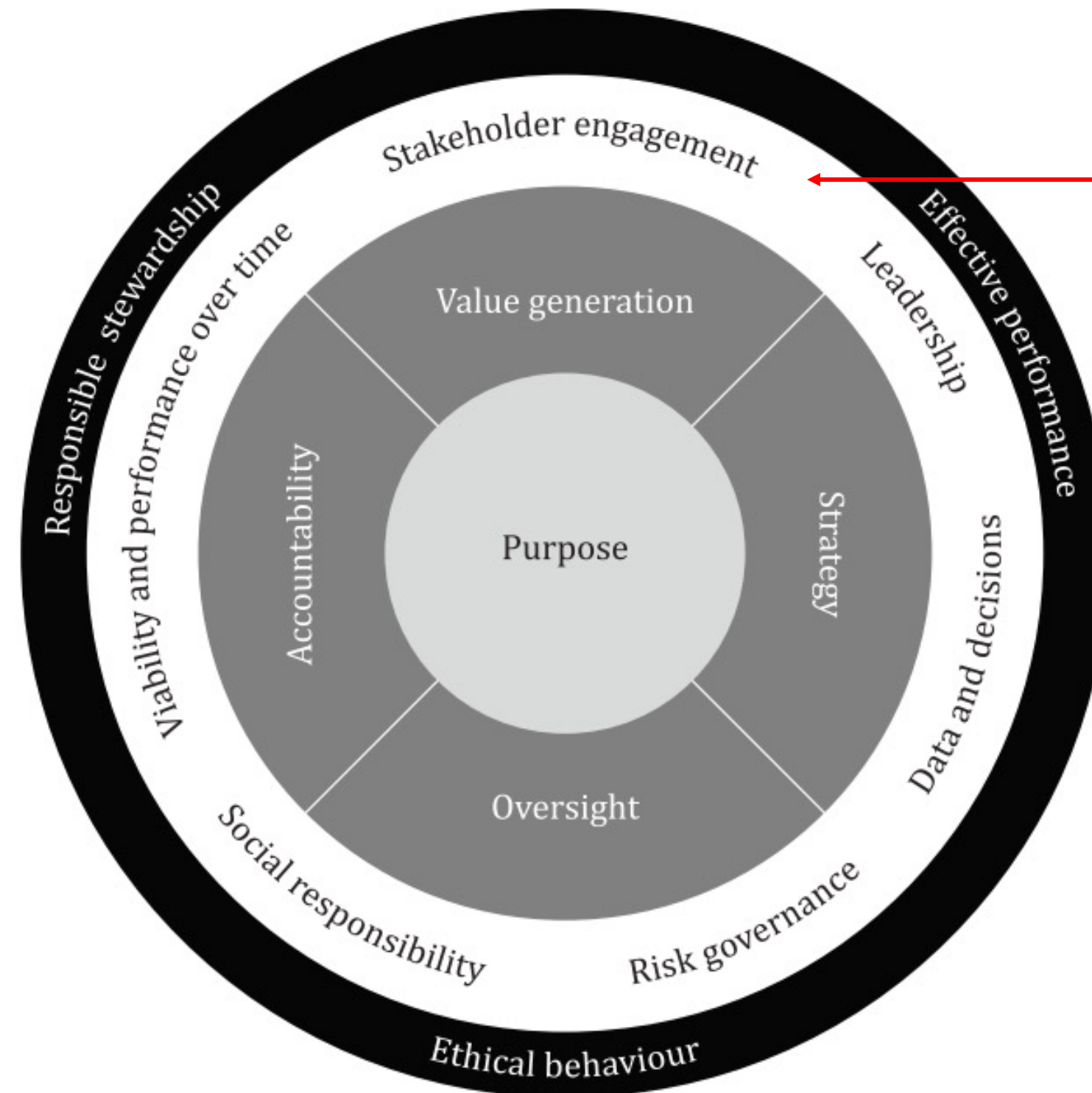


Oversight by the governing body includes ensuring that an internal control system is implemented and assuring itself that the governance system is appropriately designed and operating as intended.

The **Enabling** principles

- 6. Stakeholder engagement
- 7. Leadership
- 8. Data and decisions
- 9. Risk Governance
- 10. Social Responsibility
- 11. Viability and performance over time

6 Enabling governance principles



6. Stakeholder engagement

ISO 37000 outlines **why and how** the governing body should **understand its stakeholders**, establish clear criteria to determine the relevance of stakeholder expectations, ensure **effective relationships are established and maintained**, and that **expectations** become an **effective part of organizational decision – making**.

An Enabling Principle



Member, reference, and relevant stakeholder engagement are key.

An Enabling Principle



The governing body should lead by example to create a positive culture, set the tone for others, and engender trust and cooperation among the organization's stakeholders.

7. Leadership

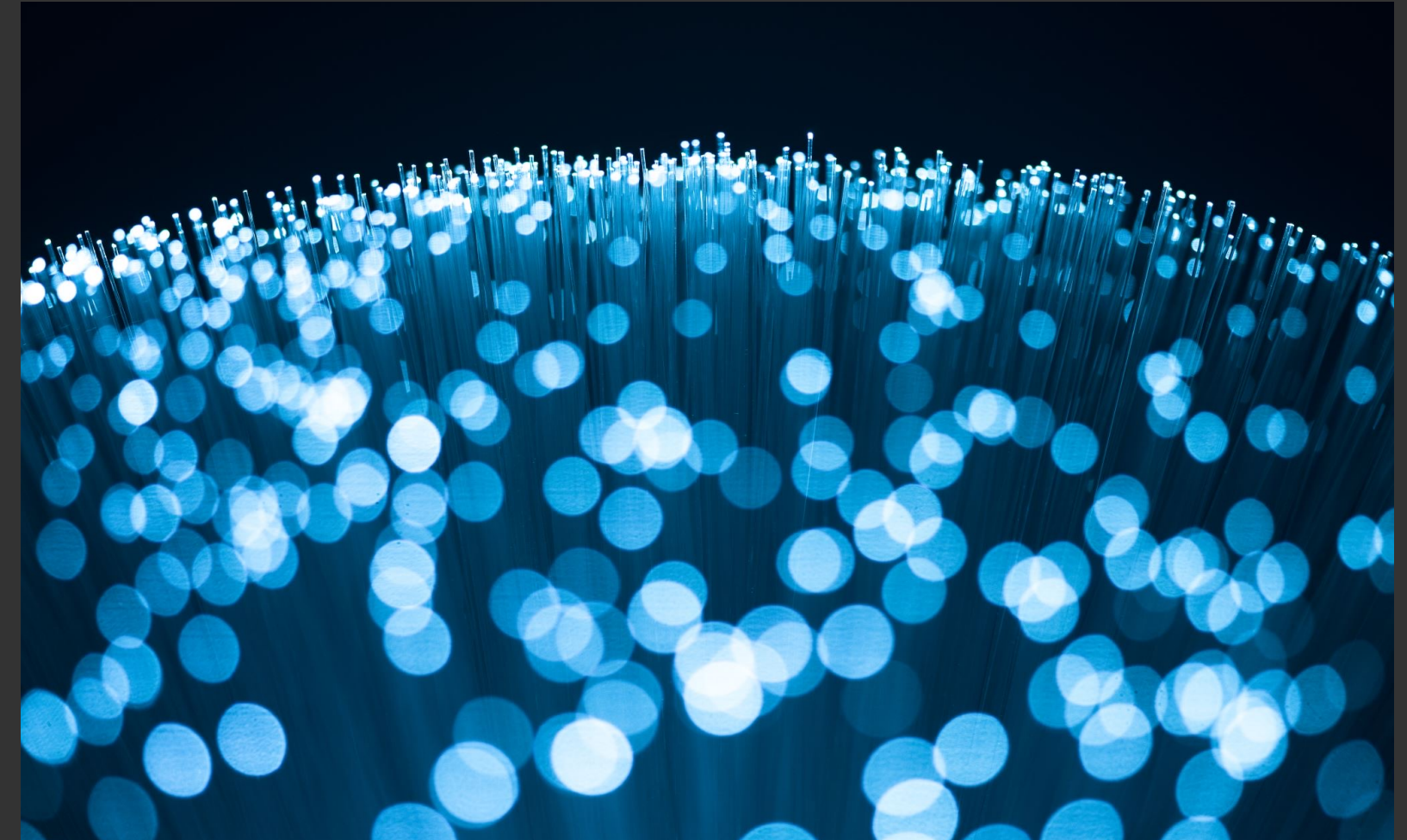
ISO 37000 clarifies that the **governing body should lead the organization ethically and effectively** and ensure such **leadership throughout the organization and its external context**. The governing body should set the tone for an ethical organizational culture.

8. Data and Decisions

ISO 37000 outlines that the governing body should **recognize data as a strategic and valuable resource for decision-making** by the governing body.

The governing body ensures that its own **decision-making process** and those of others in the organizations are **ethical, responsible and effective**.

An Enabling Principle



The governing body should ensure that the organization identifies, manages, monitors and communicates the nature and extent of its use of data.

An Enabling Principle



Value is generated when appropriate risk is taken, transferred or shared in a timely manner. This happens when the governing body balances risk effectively.

9. Risk Governance

ISO 37000 explains that **the governing body sets the tone and shapes the culture** for a proactive and anticipative approach to the management of risk across the organization.

The governing body **ensures the systematic assessment of risks and defines the risk criteria**, in particular the appetite for risk and risk limits.

The governing body **assesses, treats, monitors, and communicates the nature and extent of the risks** faced when making decisions.

An Enabling Principle



The organization should proactively contribute to sustainable development by generating value in a manner that meets the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs.

10. Social Responsibility

The governing body should ensure that decisions are **transparent** and **aligned** with broader **societal expectations**.

For an organization to act in a socially responsible way, it needs to operate within the **parameters of acceptable behaviour** and not allow actions that are legally or locally permissible but not in line with what is expected of it by its broader stakeholders and society.

11. Viability and performance over time

The governing body identifies, describes and assesses the **key resources and value generation systems** the organization depends on to generate value, how these interrelate and how they are used over time. It ensures that the organization **protects** and **restores** the key resources and systems that it depends on or affects.

An Enabling Principle



Where an organization fails to understand and respond to the needs of the systems of which it is a part, it is unlikely that the organization will remain viable and perform over time.

Key take-aways



ISO 37000 - a tool for all organizations everywhere

PLEASE GET INVOLVED AND LEAN ON ISO 37000 FOR THE CHANGES YOU WANT TO SEE

is the **global benchmark for good governance** by all organizations. It creates **transparency** and **reduces complexity** and **cost** for all organizations.

is the tool to align all **organizations world-wide** to direct their governance to their **meaningful purpose, engagement with all stakeholders and contribution to a sustainable world** which respects the **needs of future generations**

promotes all organizations' **focus on purpose, values, ethos, and sustainability.**



Thank you!

